Pesponse in history Of Fairfield County Largest mutual aid

By MICHAEL WATIKER ESN Editor

eriff's radio room/911 center was stiffed that a drilling company was oing to "burn off" a gas well in In June 30th, the Fairfield County Walnut Township, northeast of the city of Lancaster, OH. When they later received a report of a fire in the same area, they figured it was someone who had seen the fire from a distance. Little did they know that there was indeed a major fire, one that would the largest mutual aid response in the history of the county. become

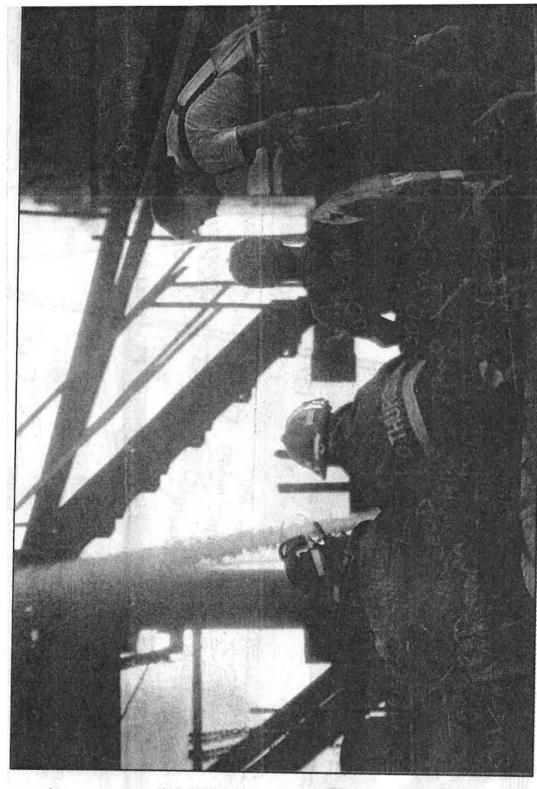
Bobby Price, a firefighter/EMT-P the Berne Township and Columbus Fire Departments, had been working next door to the drilling site at p.m., Price felt the ground shake and then witnessed a powerful explosion that sent a huge fireball into the afterhis brother's farm all day.

The well-diggers had been trying for several hours to ignite the gas, but the pressure was so great it kept blowfinally successful, they got more than ing out the flame. they bargained for.

and 200 feet long, rising 100 feet into Price notified Fairfield County Fire Control that the well had exploded and was burning. The fire was shooting out horizontally through a well drain and was approximately 60 feet wide the air. Price requested that a full assignment be sent to his location.

Department were dispatched and could see the fire in the sky not long after leaving their quarters. Firefighter Mike Jackson was in charge of the first engine, and would remain the incident cers. Based on the amount of fire he saw, he requested mutual aid from commander for the next 12 hours, working with other department offi-Thurston/Walnut Township from Firefighters

Millersport, and Pleasantville.



BURNING GAS - Four of the 185 firefighters from 31 departments battle the plume of fire that erupted from a gas pipeline on June 30th is Michael Watik

Walnut Township. Firefighters were forced to wait while well experts headed to the scene from four hours away. were laid from the road to the drilling Two-five inch supply lines tect the house, the derrick, and the tank site and two different dump tank farms were established. At the highpoint of the fire, one dump operation was using Firefighters were positioned to proscene for several hours. and trees. Jackson realized he was going to need a huge water supply and more personnel. A north and south sector command system was set up, and Price After a discussion with the digging until well experts could arrive from Wooster, OH, four hours away. As the crew, it was decided to let the fire burn fire continued to burn with great fury, was put in charge of water. three nearby departments: Basil, Arriving on the scene six minutes after dispatch, firefighters found a mulitude of exposure problems. The horizontal venting was igniting a line of There was a house located 250 feet southeast of the fire, and just past the trees 200 feet south of the wellhead. reeline was a 5,000 gallon-capacity

fighters settled in for the long haul as a continuous stream of water had to be seven drop tanks and the other two fire-Jackson realized a fire department

well head was damaged, there would was a concern that if the derrick or th be no way to extinguish the fire.

3,000 gallon or more capacity. There were also numerous 2,000 gallor Price began calling tankers two o cern arose that the area might grow short of resources should another fire tankers operating as well, and the conthree at a time. Some tankers wen specially requested because of their

Continued on Page 3

put on the well and diesel tank. There

presence was going to be needed on

tank with 1,000 gallons of diesel fuel

Continued from page 1

occur.

The plan was to place several 750 GPM monitors and handlines into operation. This would require having a massive amount of water shuttled to the scene. To compound the problem, the radiant temperature of the fire was approximately 1000 degrees fahrenheit, forcing the implementation of a rotating schedule for firefighters on the hoses.

While Price worked on the water, command came upon other logistic problems. The Thurston/Walnut Fire Department is an all-volunteer unit that had never experienced such a massive call. Firefighter Jackson was a bit overwhelmed at first, but was able to quickly adjust his thinking to look at the big picture.

The command post ordered the following actions be taken; to notify two area water departments to start booster pumps to increase water pressure, order food and drink for the rehab center, contact the township trustees for long term road blocks, and get a long-term commitment from the sheriff's office for crowd control. Even members of the community got involved as someone ordered food and payed for it themselves and had it delivered to the

fire scene

Around 4:30 p.m., a thunderstorm moved into the area, providing some scary moments for firefighters on the south side, in the direct path of the blaze. The storm passed over them and lasted about a minute, but the 50 mph. winds that accompanied it blew the fire on top of the personnel to the south. Firefighters were forced to lay on their backs and spray their hoselines straight up as the wind blew the fire. No personnel were injured and the storm quickly passed.

Two hours into the operation, firefighters from five counties had been called, with two of those, Fairfield and Licking, being county all calls. Perry, Pickaway and Muskingum counties sent crews as well.

Around 6 p.m., the well experts arrived at the scene. They brought their own high pressure pump and hoped to use it to pump a "mud" solution down into the well. When the amount of mixture exceeded three times the capacity of the well, it was discovered there was a leak in the well head.

An expanding gel was pumped into the well in a "stop-leak" fashion and then the well was again pumped full of the extinguishing agent. At 8:20 p.m., the well was successfully plugged and



KEEPING LOW - Firefighters stay behind cover as they douse ε June 30th. For more information, see story on Page 1.

the fire was extinguished.

Fire department personnel remained at the scene for another 11 hours before a signal zero was declared at 7:30 a.m. There were no injuries, but two water systems were left w capacity after supplying 175,00 lons of water.

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This blaze was fought by 185 firefighters from five counties. A total of 31 departments responded with 20 tankers, 14 engines, four rescues, 11 EMS vehicles, and the Johnstown Fire air wagon.

sburgh store suffers \$500,000 fire damage